## Geometry (G.C.5)

Name: $\qquad$
Unit Five: Radian, Arc Length, \& Equations of Circles Review \#2 (HW19)
Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$
Complete each problem. Show work for each answer.

1. Convert the degree measures into radians. Leave answers as exact values in most reduced form.
a) $140^{\circ}$
b) $300^{\circ}$
$\qquad$ radians $\qquad$ radians
2. Convert the following radian measures into degrees.
a) $\frac{23 \pi}{12}$
b) $\frac{7 \pi}{2}$
3. Determine the arc length.
a) Central Angle of $\frac{10 \pi}{9}$ rad, radius of 18 cm .
b) Central Angle of $80^{\circ}$, radius of 6 cm .
$s=$ $\qquad$ (E)
$s=$ $\qquad$ (E)
4. Determine the missing information.
a) $r=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \Theta=\frac{9 \pi}{5} \mathrm{rad}$.
b) $\Theta=\frac{4 \pi}{5}$ rad., $\mathrm{s}=\frac{3 \pi}{5} \mathrm{~cm}$ $\mathrm{s}=$ $\qquad$ cm
$r=$ $\qquad$ cm
5. Find the central angle (in rad) that intercepts an arc of length $\frac{\pi}{6} \mathrm{~cm}$ in a circle of radius 10 cm .
6. Find the central angle (in deg) that intercepts an arc of length 14 cm in a circle of radius 2 cm .
7. Determine the arc length of the following.
a)

b)

c)

$\mathrm{s}=$ $\qquad$ (E)
$\mathrm{s}=$ $\qquad$ (E)
$s=$ $\qquad$ (E)
8. Graph each circle.
a) $(x-4)^{2}+(y+2)^{2}=4$
b) $(x+5)^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=49$
c) $(x-3)^{2}+y^{2}=36$



9. Write the equation of a circle with the given characteristics.
a) Diameter Endpoints: $(1,1)$ and $(5,5)$
b) Center: $(9,7)$ Passes Through: $(-6,-2)$
c) Center: $(6,-2)$ Tangent to $x=-4$
d) Center: $(-3,-8)$ with an area of $121 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
