$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

1. Construct a segment congruent to EF using a compass and straightedge. Leave your construction work on the page!

2. If two lines are perpendicular, then any two adjacent angles formed are $\qquad$ .

If a line segment is bisected, then the two segments formed are $\qquad$ .

If an angle is bisected, then the two adjacent angles formed are $\qquad$ .
3. Construct the perpendicular bisector of both segments below.

4. Construct a copy of the angle below.

5. Bisect each angle below.

6. Fill in the following statements:
a) If lines are parallel $\rightarrow$ alternate interior angles are $\qquad$ .
b) If lines are parallel $\rightarrow$ same-side exterior angles are $\qquad$ .
c) If corresponding angles are $\qquad$ $\rightarrow$ lines are $\longrightarrow$
d) If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram $\rightarrow$ opposite sides are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
e) If a quadrilateral is a rhombus $\rightarrow$ diagonals $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
f) If one pair of opposite sides is parallel and $\qquad$ $\rightarrow$ a quadrilateral is a $\qquad$ .
g) The slopes of parallel lines are $\qquad$ .
h) The slopes of perpendicular lines are $\qquad$ .
i) CPCTC stands for $\qquad$ .
j) A transformation which slides a figure but keeps it the same size is called a $\qquad$ .
k) A transformation which flips a figure but keeps it the same size is called a $\qquad$ .
I) A transformation which changes the size of a figure is called a $\qquad$ .
m) A transformation which turns a figure but keeps it the same size is called a $\qquad$ .
n) Which transformations are rigid motions? $\qquad$
o) What does collinear mean? $\qquad$
p) What is true about an isosceles triangle?

