

Name all the quadrilaterals (parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, or square) that have each property.

1. All angles are congruent.

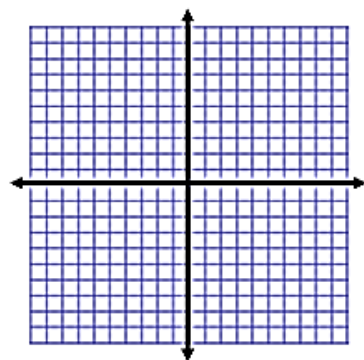
2. Both pairs of opposite sides are parallel.

3. All sides are congruent.

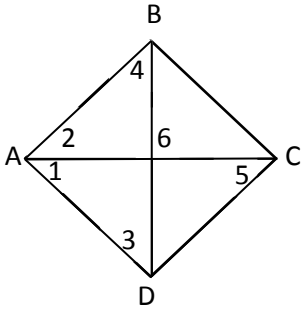
4. Both pairs of opposite sides are congruent.

5. It is equiangular and equilateral.

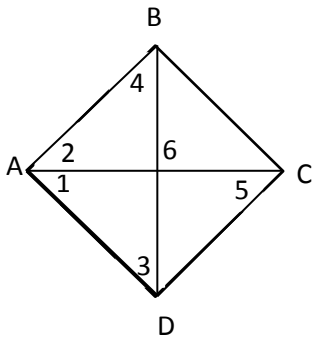
6. Determine whether ABCD is a parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, or square. List all that apply. $A(-1,0)$, $B(1,0)$, $C(3,5)$, $D(1,5)$.



7. Use rhombus ABCD and the given information to solve each problem. If $m\angle 3 = 62^\circ$. Find $m\angle 1$, $m\angle 4$, and $m\angle 6$.



8. Use rhombus ABCD and the given information to solve. If $m\angle 3 = (2x + 30)^\circ$ and $m\angle 4 = 3x - 1$. Find x .

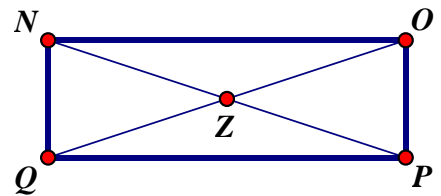


9. Rectangle NOPQ

$$m\angle PNO = 25^\circ$$

$$m\angle QNO = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle NPQ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle QNP = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle NPO = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



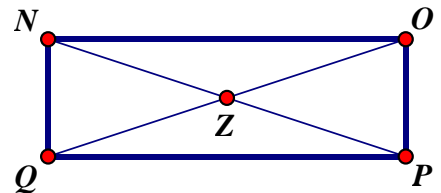
10. Rectangle NOPQ

$$NZ = 3x + 6$$

$$QO = 10x - 8$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$QO = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



11. Square MJKL

$$m\angle MJL = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle KGL = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

