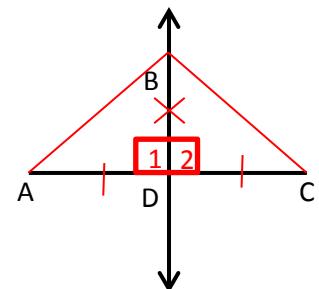


## Geometry (G.CO.9)

### Unit One B: Points on Perpendicular Bisectors (IC18)

Given:  $\overline{BD}$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AC}$

Prove: B is equidistant from A and C



Statements	Reasons
1) $\overline{BD}$ is $\perp$ bisector of $\overline{AC}$	1) Given
2) $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are right $\angle$ 's	2) Def of $\perp$ bisector
3) $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$ are right $\angle$ 's	3) All right $\angle$ 's $\cong$
4) $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{DC}$	4) Def of ( $\perp$ ) bisector
5) Draw $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$	5) Through any 2 pts there is a seg.
6) $\overline{BD} \cong \overline{BD}$	6) Reflexive Prop
7) $\Delta ABD \cong \Delta CBD$	7) SAS
8) $\overline{BD} \cong \overline{BD}$	8) Reflexive Prop
9) B is equidistant from A and C	9) Def of equidistant