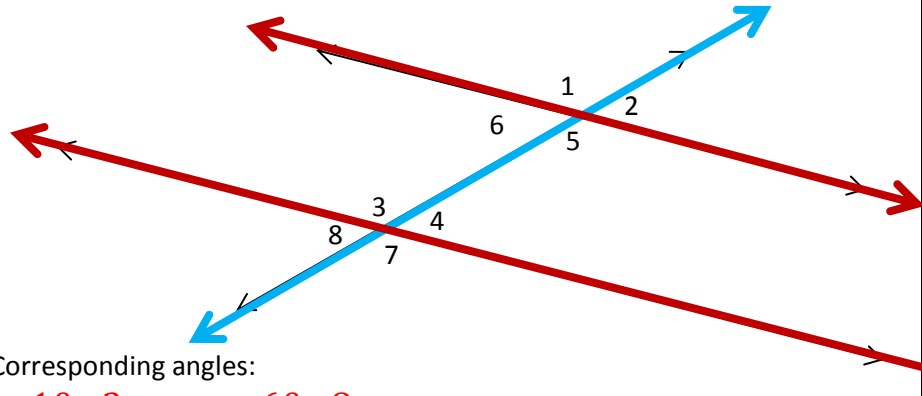


Geometry (G.CO.9)

Unit One B: Angles Formed by Intersecting Lines (IC20)

When encountering parallel lines (draw the arrows) that are intersected by a transversal, many different angles are created.



a. Corresponding angles:

- $\angle 1 \& \angle 3$ $\angle 6 \& \angle 8$
- $\angle 2 \& \angle 4$ $\angle 5 \& \angle 7$

b. Alternate interior angles:

- $\angle 6 \& \angle 4$ $\angle 5 \& \angle 3$

c. Alternate exterior angles:

- $\angle 1 \& \angle 7$ $\angle 2 \& \angle 8$

d. Same-side interior angles:

- $\angle 6 \& \angle 3$ $\angle 5 \& \angle 4$

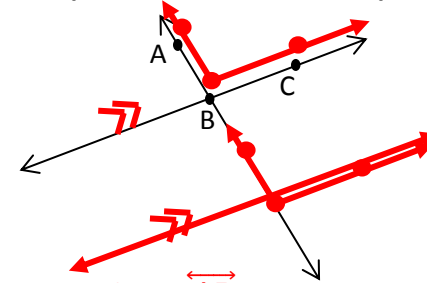
e. Same-side exterior angles:

- $\angle 1 \& \angle 8$ $\angle 2 \& \angle 7$

Name: _____

Date: _____ Period: _____

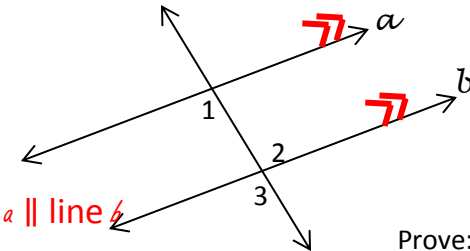
If a transversal crosses parallel lines, then corresponding angles are ____



Proof:

- * Translate $\angle ABC$ along \overleftrightarrow{AB}
- * Draw line through B' and $C' \rightarrow \overleftrightarrow{B'C}$ and $\overleftrightarrow{B'C'}$ are parallel
- * $\angle ABC \cong \angle A'B'C'$ (rigid motion)

If a transversal crosses parallel lines, then alternate interior angles are ____



Given: Line $a \parallel$ line b Prove: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Statements	Reasons
1) Line $a \parallel$ line b	1) Given
2) $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$	2) \parallel lines \rightarrow corr. \angle 's \cong
3) $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$	3) Vert \angle 'S thm
4) $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$	4) Transitive Prop (2,3)

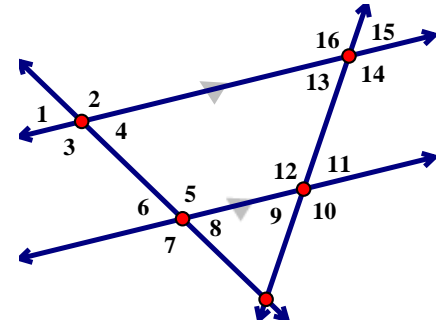
If the lines that are intersected are parallel, additional statements can be made.

- a. If lines are parallel, corresponding angles are \cong _____
- b. If lines are parallel, alternate interior angles are \cong _____
- c. If lines are parallel, alternate exterior angles are \cong _____
- d. If lines are parallel, same-side interior angles are supplementary
- e. If lines are parallel, same-side exterior angles are supplementary

Examples:

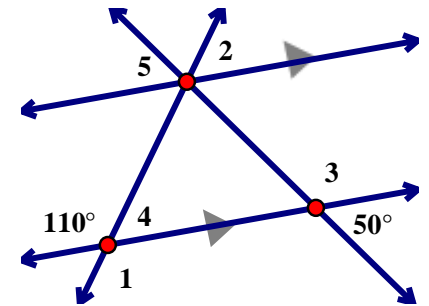
1. Provide the name of the following relationships.

- a) $\angle 1$ & $\angle 6$ Corr \angle 's b) $\angle 2$ & $\angle 7$ Alt. ext. \angle 's c) $\angle 16$ & $\angle 14$ Vertical \angle 's
- d) $\angle 14$ & $\angle 11$ s-s int \angle 's e) $\angle 1$ & $\angle 7$ s-s ext \angle 's f) $\angle 6$ & $\angle 5$ Supp/linear pair
- g) $\angle 15$ & $\angle 10$ s-s ext \angle 's h) $\angle 1$ & $\angle 2$ Supp/linear pair i) $\angle 13$ & $\angle 12$ s-s int \angle 's
- j) $\angle 16$ & $\angle 9$ s-s ext \angle 's



2. Find the measure of the angle and give a reason for knowing it.

- a) $m\angle 1 =$ 110° (measure) Vert \angle 's thm (reason) b) $m\angle 2 =$ 70° (measure) s-s ext \angle 's (reason)
- c) $m\angle 3 =$ 130° Supp/linear pair d) $m\angle 4 =$ 70° Supp/linear pair
- e) $m\angle 5 =$ 50° Alt. ext. \angle 's



3. Find the measure of the angle.

- a) $m\angle 1 =$ 83° b) $m\angle 2 =$ 97° c) $m\angle 3 =$ 97° d) $m\angle 4 =$ 83°
- e) $m\angle 5 =$ 83° f) $m\angle 6 =$ 97°

