

Geometry

Unit Two – G.SRT.1-3 Review (IC/HW7)

For each multiple choice question, please circle your answer.

Name: _____

Date: _____ Period: _____

1. Which of the following is a dilation?

A) $T(x, y) \rightarrow (x-4, y+3)$

B) $T(x, y) \rightarrow (y, x)$

C) $T(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, 2y)$

D) $T(x, y) \rightarrow (5x, 3y)$

2. Which of the following scale factors is a reduction?

A) 1 : 3

B) 0.5 : 0.75

C) 3 : 2

D) 1 : 1.0055

3. Which of the following scale factors is an enlargement?

A) 500 : 50

B) 0.01 : 0.1

C) 7 : 3.5

D) 0.1 : 0.01

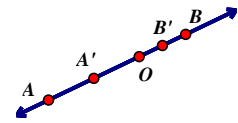
4. Determine the scale factor that best suits the provided diagram (O is the center of dilation).

A) 2

B) $\frac{1}{2}$

C) $\frac{1}{3}$

D) -1



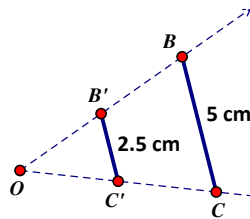
5. Determine the scale factor of the given dilation from point O?

A) 1 : 2

B) 2 : 1

C) 2 : 5

D) 5 : 2



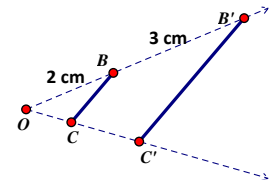
6. Determine the scale factor of the given dilation from point O?

A) 2 : 3

B) 1 : 1.5

C) 2 : 5

D) 3 : 2



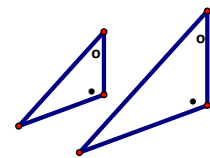
7. Which of the following would be the criterion for establishing similarity in the two triangles?

A) AA~

B) SAS~

C) SSS~

D) Not enough info or not similar



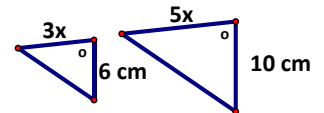
8. Which of the following would be the criterion for establishing similarity in the two triangles?

A) AA~

B) SAS~

C) SSS~

D) Not enough info or not similar



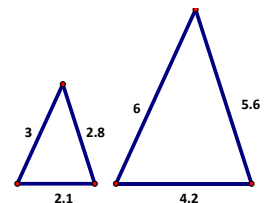
9. Which of the following would be the criterion for establishing similarity in the two triangles?

A) AA~

B) SAS~

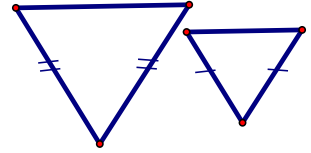
C) SSS~

D) Not enough info or not similar



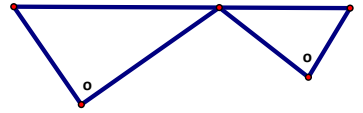
10. Which of the following would be the criterion for establishing similarity in the two triangles?

- A) AA~
- B) SAS~
- C) SSS~
- D) Not enough info or not similar



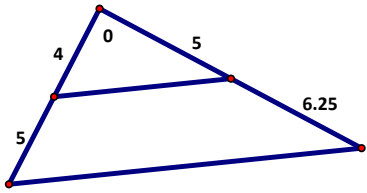
11. Which of the following would be the criterion for establishing similarity in the two triangles?

- A) AA~
- B) SAS~
- C) SSS~
- D) Not enough info or not similar

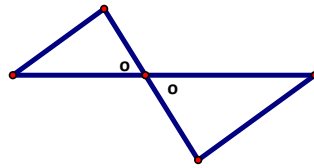


12. Are the following pairs of triangles similar? If they are, then name their similarity criteria. (SSS~, SAS~, AA~)

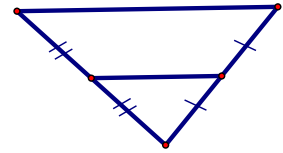
a) Yes / No _____



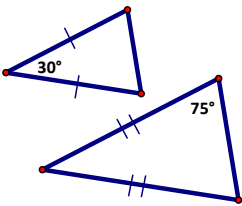
b) Yes / No _____



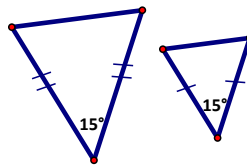
c) Yes / No _____



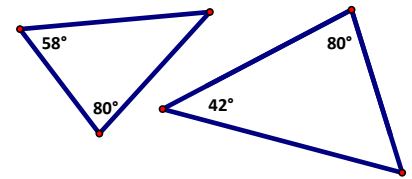
d) Yes / No _____



e) Yes / No _____



f) Yes / No _____



13. Determine the point.



- a) $D_{H,4}(B) = (\text{_____})$
- b) $D_{H,3}(H) = (\text{_____})$
- c) $D_{H,-2}(G) = (\text{_____})$
- d) $D_{H,-\frac{1}{3}}(E) = (\text{_____})$
- e) $D_{F,2}(\text{_____}) = (H)$
- f) $D_{C,\frac{1}{2}}(\text{_____}) = (F)$
- g) $D_{D,3}(\text{_____}) = (E)$
- h) $D_{D,\frac{3}{2}}(G) = (\text{_____})$
- i) $D_{G,\frac{2}{3}}(O) = (\text{_____})$

14. Graph the following dilations:

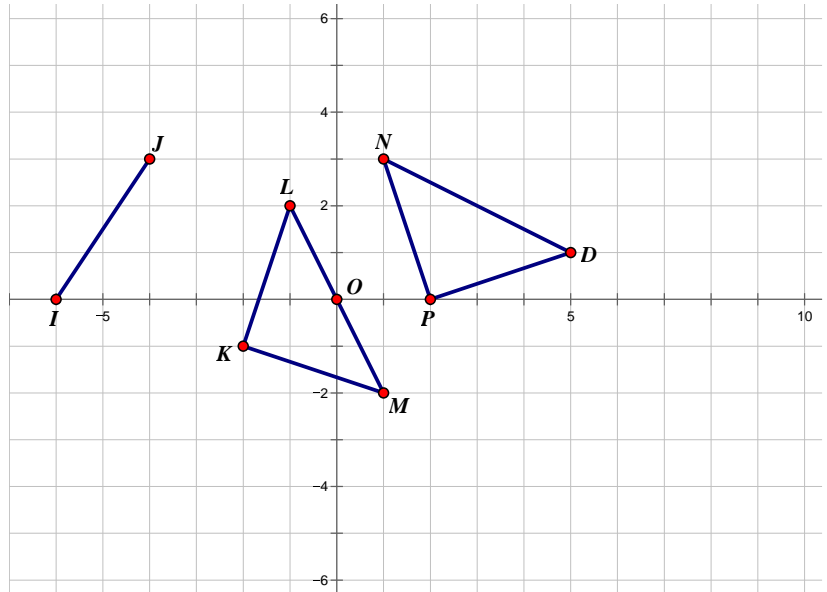
a) $D_{O, \frac{1}{2}}(\overline{IJ})$

b) $D_{O, 3}(\triangle LMK)$

c) $D_{P, 2}(\triangle PND)$ (notice the center location)

d) $D_{O, -1}(\overline{IJ})$

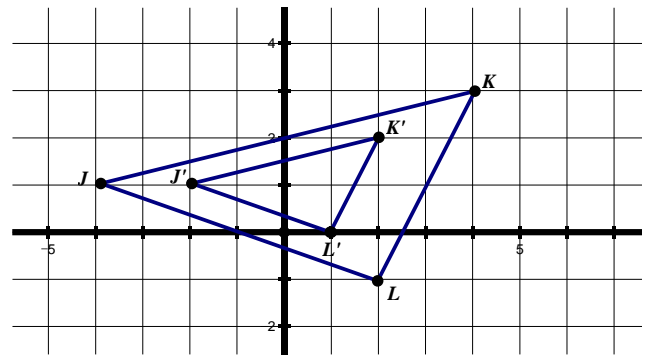
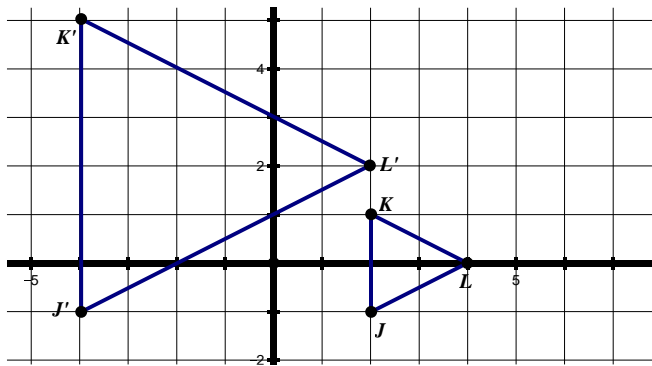
e) $D_{M, -2}(K)$ (notice the center location)



15. Work backwards to find the center of dilation, and also determine the scale factor.

a) Center (_____, _____) Scale Factor = _____

b) Center (_____, _____) Scale Factor = _____



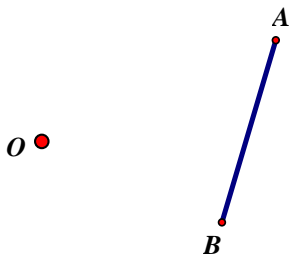
16. Dilate the following. (O is the origin).

a) $D_{O, 2}(2, -1) = (____, ____)$

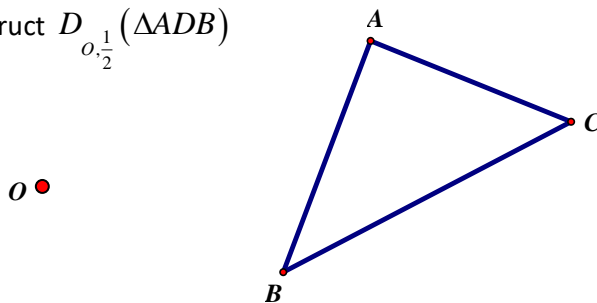
b) $D_{O, -3}(-2, 4) = (____, ____)$

c) $D_{O, -3}(____, ____) = (12, -21)$

17. Use a compass and a straightedge to construct $D_{O, 2}(\overline{AB})$



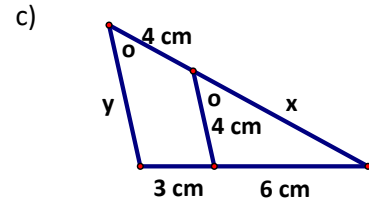
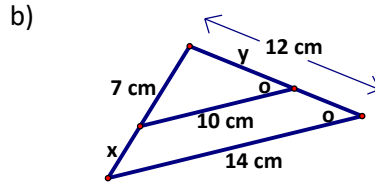
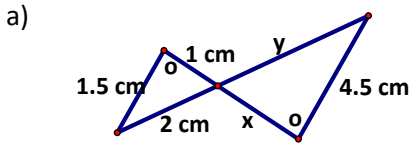
18. Use a compass and a straightedge to construct $D_{O, \frac{1}{2}}(\triangle ADB)$



19. Given that $\triangle NHG \sim \triangle JKL$. Complete the following.

- a) $\angle G \cong \angle$ _____ b) $\frac{KL}{HG} = \frac{JK}{\square}$ _____ c) $\angle J \cong \angle$ _____ d) $\frac{\square}{NG} = \frac{KL}{HG}$ _____

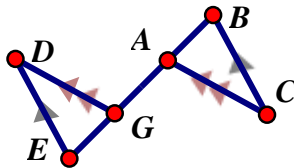
20. Solve for the missing information, given that the two triangles in each question are SIMILAR. (2 decimals)



x = _____ y = _____ x = _____ y = _____ x = _____ y = _____

21. The area of a rectangle is 504 cm^2 . If the length and the width are in a ratio of 7:2. Find the length and width.

22. a) GIVEN:
 $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{CB}$ & $\overline{DG} \parallel \overline{CA}$



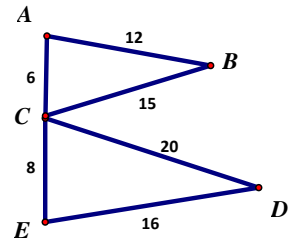
PROVE:

$\triangle EDG \sim \triangle BCA$

b) GIVEN: Diagram as Marked

PROVE:

$\angle B \cong \angle D$



STATEMENT	REASON

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